Astern Power of Main Propulsion Machineries

Object of Amendment

Rules for the Survey and Construction of Steel Ships Part B and D

Guidance for the Survey and Construction of Steel Ships Part D

Rules / Guidance for High Speed Craft

Rules / Guidance for the Survey and Construction of Inland Waterway Ships

Reason for Amendment

IACS Unified Requirement (UR) M25(Rev.4) stipulates that main propulsion machineries are to be able to maintain the astern revolutions of at least 70 % of their ahead maximum continuous revolutions. However, it was pointed out to IACS that it can be difficult for some ships (e.g. those using highly skewed propellors) to comply with this requirement. IACS, therefore, decided to review this requirement.

As a result of its review, IACS adopted UR M25(Rev.5) in December 2024 to stipulate requirements related to tests for confirming the astern power of main propulsion machineries complies with regulation II-1/28 of SOLAS.

Accordingly, relevant requirements are amended based on UR M25(Rev.5). In addition, some wording is revised to make it clear that the standard values for assessing ship manoeuvring performance during sea trials are only intended as reference values (i.e. they are not a mandatory requirement).

Outline of the Amendment

The main details of this amendment are as follows:

- (1) Amends the revolution/power of the main propulsion machinery used for the astern test during the sea trial from at least 70 % of the ahead maximum continuous revolutions to the maximum permissible astern power (MPAP) permitted by the design of the main propulsion machinery, power transmission system and propulsion shaft system.
- (2) Revises some wording to clarify that standard values for assessing ship manoeuvrability during sea trials are just reference values, not a mandatory requirement.

Effective Date and Application

- (1) Table B2.11, Part B of the Rules for the Survey and Construction of Steel Ships; Part D of the Rules for the Survey and Construction of Steel Ships; Part D of the Guidance for the Survey and Construction of Steel Ships; the Rules/Guidance for High Speed Craft; and the Rules/Guidance for the Survey and Construction of Inland Waterway Ships This amendment applies to ships for which the date of contract for construction is on or after 1 January 2026 or ships which undergo astern test during examinations of altered parts on or after 1 January 2026.
- (2) Annex 2.3.1-1, Part B of the Rules for the Survey and Construction of Steel Ships Effective date of this amendment is 1 January 2026.

An asterisk (*) after the title of a requirement indicates that there is also relevant information in the corresponding Guidance.

ID:DD25-08

Amended	Original	Remarks
RULES FOR THE SURVEY AND	RULES FOR THE SURVEY AND	* UR M25.5, which
CONSTRUCTION OF STEEL SHIPS	CONSTRUCTION OF STEEL SHIPS	existed in UR M25 Rev4, is to describe the astern
Part B CLASS SURVEYS	Part B CLASS SURVEYS	response characteristics of variable pitch propellers and has been moved to UR M83. UR M83 has been
Chapter 2 CLASSIFICATION SURVEYS	Chapter 2 CLASSIFICATION SURVEYS	incorporated into Annex 2.3.1-3, Part B of the Rules by the amendment "Manoeuvring Performance of Controllable Pitch Propellers" dated 26 December 2024.

Amended		Original	Remarks
	Table B2.11 Survey -	- Sea Trials *1	
Test Items		Details	
1 Speed tests		(Omitted)	
2 Astern tests	(1) Astern tests are to be carried of	out from a control position in accordance with the following	
		ted to stopping ability specified in An1.4.3, Annex 2.3.1-1	
	"Guidance for the Test of S	Ship Manoeuverability", Part B of the Rules are to be	
	measured. When applying thi	s requirement, tests are to be earried out from all control	
	_	ple control positions for reversing operations to astern runs.	
		ahead at maximum speed, an order for full astern is issued	
	and the reversing operation possible.	n from ahead run to full astern run is carried out as quickly as	M25.4
	(b) Ships unable to perform	the test at maximum speed are to run ahead at not less than	
	the speed specified in A	n1.1.1-9, Annex 2.3.1-1 "Guidance for the Test of Ship	
	Man <u>o</u> euv e rability", Part	B of the Rules. While the ship is at this speed, an order for	
	full astern is issued and t carried out as quickly as p	he reversing operation from ahead run to full astern run is ossible.	
		ing normally while the ship is running astern. Main	
		s are to be rates capable of maintain more than 70 % of	M25.1 (last sentence)
		operating the MPAP referred to in 1.3.2, Part D of the	ISO 19019:2005, sectio
		nning astern for the periods specified in the following (a) and	5.4 states that it
	(b) corresponding to engine type	be. In addition, performance is to satisfy 1.3.2, Part D of the	desirable to receive win
	Rules. This test is to also 19019:2005, section 5.4: Aster	be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ISO n trial.	from aft (head wind) of forward (tail wind)., an
		es other than steam turbines: Until the astern speed (rotational	that heating of th
	speed in rpm) stabilises.		propulsion shaft system
	(b) For ships with steam turbing	nes: A period of at least 15 minutes; the astern trial, however,	and abnormal vibration and noise should be
	is to be limited to 30 minu	tes or in accordance with manufacturer recommendations to	recorded.
	avoid overheating the turb	ine due to the effects of "windage" and friction.	M25.1
	(3) For gas-fueled dual fuel engine	es, the confirmation specified in (2)(a) above is to be carried	
	out for all operating modes (i.e.	the applicable gas mode, diesel mode, etc.).	M25.2
(-3 to -13 are omitted.)		(Omitted)	
The effective date of	the amendment is according to I	EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION (A)	

Amended-Original Requirements Comparison Table (Astern Power of Main Propulsion Machineries)			
Amended	Original	Remarks	
Annex 2.3.1-1 TEST OF SHIP MANOEUVRABILITY	Annex 2.3.1-1 TEST OF SHIP MANOEUVRABILITY		
An1 <u>Procedures</u> for the Test of Ship Manoeuvrability	An1 <u>Guidance</u> for the Test of Ship Manoeuvrability	Amended the wording.	
An2 Standards for Ship Manoeuvrability An2.1Scope	An2 Standards for Ship Manoeuvrability An2.1Scope		
An2.1.1 General 1 This An2 shows standards for reference based upon IMO Res. MSC. 137(76) "STANDARDS FOR SHIP MANOEUVRABILITY". 2 Standards for ship manoeuvrability shown in this Appendix are based on the standard conditions defined in An1.1.1-8. 3 Standards for ship manoeuvrability shown in this requirement are for ships carrying dangerous chemicals in bulk, ships carrying liquefied gasses in bulk and ships of not less than 100 m in length.	An2.1.1 General 1 This requirement is based upon IMO Res. MSC. 137(76) "STANDARDS FOR SHIP MANOEUVRABILITY" adopted on 4 December 2002. 2 Standards for ship manoeuvrability shown in this Appendix are based on the standard conditions defined in An 1.1.1-8. 3 Standards for ship manoeuvrability shown in this requirement are for ships carrying dangerous chemicals in bulk, ships carrying liquefied gasses in bulk and ships of not less than 100 m in length.	Revised to clarify that it is not a mandatory requirement.	
An2.2 Standards for Ship Manoeuvrability	An2.2 Standards for Ship Manoeuvrability		
An2.2.1 Turning Ability The tactical diameter is not to exceed $5L$. The advance is not to exceed $4.5L$.	An2.2.1 Turning Ability The tactical diameter is not to exceed $5L$. The advance is not to exceed $4.5L$.		

Amended	Original	Remarks
An2.2.2 Stopping Ability The track reach is not to exceed 15L. However, this value may be modified by the Administration where ships of large displacement make applying this standard impracticable but should in no case exceed 20 ship lengths.	An2.2.2 Stopping Ability The track reach is not to exceed 15L. However, this value may be modified by the Administration where ships of large displacement make this <u>criterion</u> impracticable, but should in no case exceed 20 ship lengths.	Revised to clarify that it is not a mandatory requirement.
The effective date of the amendment is according	to EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION (B)	



	rison Table (Astern Power of Main Propulsion Machine	
Amended	Original	Remarks
RULES FOR THE SURVEY AND CONSTRUCTION OF STEEL SHIPS	RULES FOR THE SURVEY AND CONSTRUCTION OF STEEL SHIPS	
Part D MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS	Part D MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS	
Chapter 1 GENERAL	Chapter 1 GENERAL	
1.3 General Requirements for Machinery Installations	1.3 General Requirements for Machinery Installations	
1.3.2 Astern Power* 1 Sufficient power for going astern is to be provided to secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances. 2 The minimum astern power required by -1 above to secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances is to be determined by the ship designer and is not to exceed the maximum permissible astern power (MPAP) for which the main engines, power transmission systems and propulsion shaft systems are designed.	 1.3.2 Astern Power 1 Sufficient power for going astern is to be provided to secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances. (Newly added) 	M25.1 (except for last sentence) MPAP: Maximum Permissible Astern Power
The astern power of main propulsion machinery is to enable the reasonable braking after the reversing operations from ahead run. 4 Main propulsion systems with reversing gears, controllable pitch propellers or electric propeller drive are to be designed for the MPAP, which is not to lead to the overload of the propulsion machinery.	 The main propulsion machinery is to be capable of maintaining in free route astern at least at 70% of the ahead revolutions for a period of at least 30 minutes. The output astern which may be developed in transient conditions is to be such as to enable the braking of the ship within reasonable time. For the main propulsion systems with reversing gears, controllable pitch propellers or electric propeller drive, running astern is not to lead to the overload of the propulsion machinery. 	With the revision of UR M25, this part which was the NK original requirement is changed to the standard on the design, and it is transferred to the Guidance. M25.3
Note:		M25.3 Note

Amended-Original Requirements Compa	Comparison Table (Astern Power of Main Propulsion Machineries)		
Amended	Original	Remarks	
The designed maximum astern power, as referred to in			
2.1.30, Part A, defining the maximum astern speed for the			
design of the main steering gear and rudder stock as per			
15.2.2(3), Part D, 13.2.2.1, Part 1, Part C and 3.2, Part CS		According to Part D 1.3.2-	
is not to be taken less than the MPAP.		2, "MPAP" means the	
		maximum astern power which is acceptable per	
		the design of the main-	
		propulsion system.	
		From Source	
		According to the Note	
		mentioned on the left,	
		"designed maximum	
		astern power" means the maximum astern power	
		which is acceptable on the	
		design of the main	
		steering gear and the	
		rudder stock.	
		"designed maximum	
		astern power" must be MPAP or more.	
		WIFAF OF HIOTE.	
		In other words, the	
		steering gear can	
		withstand a larger astern	
		power than the main-	
		propulsion system by	
		design.	
The effective date of the amendment is according	to EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION (A)		
The effective date of the amendment is according	w Elitelite Differential inclusion (11)		
		1	

Amended Amended	Original	Remarks
RULES FOR HIGH SPEED CRAFT	RULES FOR HIGH SPEED CRAFT	Romans
RULES FOR HIGH SPEED CRAFT	RULES FOR HIGH SPEED CRAFT	
Part 9 MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS	Part 9 MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS	
Chapter 1 GENERAL	Chapter 1 GENERAL	
1.2 General Requirements for Machinery Installations	1.2 General Requirements for Machinery Installations	
 1.2.2 Astern Power 1 Sufficient power for going astern is to be provided to 	1.2.2 Astern Power1 Sufficient power for going astern is to be provided to	
secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances.	secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances.	
2 The minimum astern power required by -1 above to	(Newly added)	Same as the amendment
secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances		of 1.3.2-2, Part D of the Rules for the Survey and
is to be determined by the ship designer and is not to exceed		Construction of Steel
the maximum permissible astern power (MPAP) for which the		Ships.
main engines, power transmission systems and propulsion shaft systems are designed.		
3 Main propulsion systems with reversing gears,	2 For the main propulsion systems with reversing gears,	Same as the amendment
controllable pitch propellers, waterjet propulsion systems or	controllable pitch propellers, waterjet propulsion systems or	of 1.3.2-4, Part D of the
electric propeller drive are to be designed for the MPAP, which	electric propeller drive, running astern is not to lead to the	Rules for the Survey and
is not to lead to the overload of the propulsion machinery.	overload of propulsion machinery.	Construction of Steel
Note:	a remove of propositions in monitority.	Ships.
The designed maximum astern power, as referred to in		
2.1.9, Part 1, defining the maximum astern speed for the		
design of the main steering gear and rudder stock as per		
15.2.2(3), Part D of the Rules for the Survey and		
Construction of Steel Ships is not to be taken less than the		
<u>MPAP.</u>		

Amended	Original	Remarks
The effective date of the amendment is according to the amendment is according to the amendment are according to the	ording to EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION (A)	



Amended	Original	Remarks
RULES FOR THE SURVEY AND	RULES FOR THE SURVEY AND	1000000
CONSTRUCTION OF INLAND WATERWAY	CONSTRUCTION OF INLAND WATERWAY	
SHIPS	SHIPS	
Part 7 MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS	Part 7 MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS	
Chapter 1 GENERAL	Chapter 1 GENERAL	
1.3 General Requirements for Machinery Installations of Tugs and Pushers	1.3 General Requirements for Machinery Installations of Tugs and Pushers	
1.3.2 Astern Power*	1.3.2 Astern Power	
1 Sufficient power for going astern is to be provided to	1 Sufficient power for going astern is to be provided to	
secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances.	secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances.	
2 The minimum astern power required by -1 above to	(Newly added)	Same as the amendment
secure proper control of the ship in all normal circumstances		of 1.3.2-2, Part D of the
is to be determined by the ship designer and is not to exceed		Rules for the Survey and Construction of Steel
the maximum permissible astern power (MPAP) for which the		Ships.
main engines, power transmission systems and propulsion		
shaft systems are designed.	a m 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
The <u>astern power of main propulsion machinery</u> is to	2 The main propulsion machinery is to be capable of	
enable the reasonable <u>braking after the reversing operations</u> from ahead run.	maintaining in free route astern at least at 70% of the ahead revolutions for a period of at least 30 <i>minutes</i> . The output	
nom anead run.	astern which may be developed in transient conditions is to be	
	such as to enable the braking of the ship within reasonable	
	time.	
4 Main propulsion systems with reversing gears,	3 For the main propulsion systems with reversing gears,	Same as the amendment
controllable pitch propellers or electric propeller drive are to	controllable pitch propellers or electric propeller drive,	of 1.3.2-4, Part D of the
be designed for the MPAP, which is not to lead to the overload	running astern is not to lead to the overload of the propulsion	Rules for the Survey and

Amended	Original	Rema	rks	
of the propulsion machinery. Note: The designed maximum astern power, as referred to in 2.1.31, Part 1, defining the maximum astern speed for the design of the main steering gear and rudder stock as per 12.2.2(3), Part 7, 2.1.4, Part 4 is not to be taken less than the MPAP.		Construction Ships.	of	Steel
The effective date of the amendment is according	to EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION (A)			



Amended	Original	Remarks
GUIDANCE FOR THE SURVEY AND	GUIDANCE FOR THE SURVEY AND	
CONSTRUCTION OF STEEL SHIPS	CONSTRUCTION OF STEEL SHIPS	
Part D MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS	Part D MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS	
D1 GENERAL	D1 GENERAL	
D1.3 General Requirements for Machinery Installations	D1.3 General Requirements for Machinery Installations	
D1.3.2 Astern Power	(Newly added)	
In applying "Sufficient power for going astern is to be	(Newly added)	Moved from the former
provided to secure proper control of the ship" referred to in		part of original of 1.3.2-2, Part D of the Rules for the
1.3.2-1, Part D of the Rules and "The astern power of main		Survey and Construction
propulsion machinery is to enable the reasonable braking" referred to in 1.3.2-3, Part D of the Rules, the standard for		of Steel Ships.
astern power of main propulsion machinery is to be capable of		Refer to the remark for the amendment of 1.3.2-2,
maintaining a free route astern of at least 70 % of the ahead		Part D.
revolutions for a period of at least 30 minutes.		
The effective date of the amendment is according	to EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION (A)	
The effective date of the amendment is decording	w Ell Ecitive Dinibility in Thicknich (11)	

Amended Amended	Original	Remarks
		Kemarks
GUIDANCE FOR HIGH SPEED CRAFT Part 2 CLASS SURVEYS Chapter 2 CLASSIFICATION SURVEYS	GUIDANCE FOR HIGH SPEED CRAFT Part 2 CLASS SURVEYS Chapter 2 CLASSIFICATION SURVEYS	
2.3 Sea Trials and Stability Experiments	2.3 Sea Trials and Stability Experiments	
 2.3.1 Sea Trials Details of each test to be carried out during sea trials are to be in accordance with the following requirements. (1) Speed test The craft's speed is to be measured during navigating with maximum continuous output of main propulsion engines through the course the length of which is known beforehand. (2) Astern test The astern test is to be carried out in accordance with the following (a) to (c): (a) While the main propulsion machinery is running ahead at its maximum continuous output, an order for full astern is issued from a control position, and the reversing operation from ahead run to full astern run is carried out as quickly as possible, and the astern performance and stopping performance of craft are to be verified. 	 2.3.1 Sea Trials Details of each test to be carried out during sea trials are to be in accordance with the following requirements. (1) Speed test The craft's speed is to be measured during navigating with maximum continuous output of main propulsion engines through the course the length of which is known beforehand. (2) Astern test The astern test is to be carried out in accordance with the following (a) to (c): (a) While the main propulsion machinery is running ahead at its maximum continuous output, an order for full astern is issued and the reversing operation from ahead run to full astern run is carried out as quickly as possible, and the astern performance and stopping performance of craft are to be verified. In applying this provision, the tests are to be carried out from all control positions where there are multiple control positions for the reversing operation to astern run. 	Same as the amendment of Table B2.11, Part B of the Rules for the Survey and Construction of Steel Ships.

Amended-Original Requirements Comparison Table (Astern Power of Main Propulsion Machineries)

Amended	Original	Remarks
(b) It is to be confirmed that the machinery is functioning normally while the ship is running astern. The main engine is to be kept at the MPAP referred to in 1.2.2, Part 9 of the Rules until the astern speed (rotational speed in rpm) stabilises. This test is to also be conducted in accordance with ISO 19019:2005, section 5.4, Astern trial. (c) For gas-fuelled dual fuel engines, the	astern. The main engine is to be kept at a rate of more than 70% of the maximum continuous revolutions until the astern speed (rotational speed in rpm) stabilizes. (c) For gas-fuelled dual fuel engines, the	
confirmation specified in (b) is to be carried out for all operating modes (gas mode, diesel mode, etc.). ((3) to (11) are omitted.) The effective date of the amendment is according	for all operating modes (gas mode, diesel mode, etc.). ((3) to (11) are omitted.)	

Amended-Original Requirements Comparison Table (Astern Power of Main Propulsion Machineries)					
Amended	Original	Remarks			
GUIDANCE FOR THE SURVEY AND	GUIDANCE FOR THE SURVEY AND				
CONSTRUCTION OF INLAND WATERWAY	CONSTRUCTION OF INLAND WATERWAY				
SHIPS	SHIPS				
Part 2 CLASS SURVEYS	Part 2 CLASS SURVEYS				
rart 2 CLASS SURVETS	rart 2 CLASS SURVETS				
Charter 2 CLASSIEICATION SUDVEYS	Charter 2 CLASSIEICATION SUDVEYS				
Chapter 2 CLASSIFICATION SURVEYS	Chapter 2 CLASSIFICATION SURVEYS				
2.3 River Trials and Stability Experiments	2.3 River Trials and Stability Experiments				
421 P: T: I	444 D' T' I				
2.3.1 River Trials	2.3.1 River Trials	Come on the amondment			
1 The <u>astern test required by 2.3.1-1(1)</u> , Part 2 of the	1 The Astern test required by 2.3.1-1(1), Part 2 of the	Same as the amendment of Table B2.11, Part B of			
Rules is to be carried out in accordance with the following (1)	Rules is to be carried out in accordance with the following (1)	the Rules for the Survey			
to (3).	to (3).	and Construction of Steel			
(1) While the ship is running ahead at maximum speed, an order for full astern is issued <u>from a control</u>	(1) While the ship is running ahead at maximum speed, an order for full astern is issued and the reversing	Ships.			
position and the reversing operation from ahead run	operation from ahead run to full astern run is carried	(However, in case of			
to full astern run is carried out as quickly as possible.	out as quickly as possible. The elapsed time for the	inland waterway ships, it is not practical to apply			
The elapsed time for the ship to stop after the full	ship to stop after the full astern order, heading angle	ISO 19019:2005, section			
astern order, heading angle of the ship and stopping	of the ship and stopping distance are to be measured.	5.4. This is because ISO			
distance are to be measured. For ships that are unable	For ships that are unable to perform the test at	19019:2005, section 5.4 is			
to perform the test at maximum speed, the ship is to	maximum speed, the ship is to run ahead at not less	not for river trial and for			
run ahead at not less than the speed of at least 90_%	than the speed of at least 90% of the ship speed	sea trial and recommendation of			
of the ship speed corresponding to not less than 95_%	corresponding to not less than 95% of the maximum	designation of wind			
of the maximum continuous revolutions of the main	continuous revolutions of the main engine. However,	direction is not suitable			
engine. However, the measurements of the items	the measurements of the items regarding stopping	due to constraint of test			
regarding stopping ability may be dispensed with,	ability may be dispensed with, provided that	area.)			
provided that sufficient data is available from an	sufficient data is available from an astern test of a				
astern test of a sister ship and subject to the special	sister ship and subject to the special approval by the				

Amended-Original Requirements Comparison Table (Astern Power of Main Propulsion Machineries)						
Amended	Original	Remarks				
approval by the Society. (2) It is to be confirmed that the machinery is functioning normally while the ship is running astern. The main engine is to be kept at the MPAP referred to in 1.3.2, Part 7 of the Rules. The ship is to be kept running astern until the astern speed (rotational speed in rpm) stabilises, and the performance is to be confirmed in accordance with 1.3.2, Part 7 of the Rules. (3) For gas-fuelled dual fuel engines, the confirmation specified in (2) is to be carried out for all operating modes (gas mode, diesel mode, etc.).	Society. (2) It is to be confirmed that the machinery is functioning normally while the ship is running astern. The main engine is to be kept at a rate of more than 70% of the maximum continuous revolutions. The ship is to be kept running astern until the astern speed (rotational speed in rpm) stabilizes and the performance is to be confirmed in accordance with 1.3.2, Part 7 of the Rules. (3) For gas-fuelled dual fuel engines, the confirmation specified in (2) is to be carried out for all operating modes (gas mode, diesel mode, etc.).					
Part 7 MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS Chapter 1 GENERAL	Part 7 MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS Chapter 1 GENERAL					
1.3 General Requirements for Machinery Installations of Tugs and Pushers	1.3 General Requirements for Machinery Installations of Tugs and Pushers					
In applying the "Sufficient power for going astern is to be provided to secure proper control of the ship" referred to in 1.3.2-1, Part 7 of the Rules and "The astern power of main propulsion machinery is to enable the reasonable braking" referred to in 1.3.2-3, Part 7 of the Rules, the standard for astern power of main propulsion machinery is to be capable of maintaining a free route astern of at least 70 % of the ahead revolutions for a period of at least 30 minutes.	(Newly added) (Newly added)	Same as amendment of D1.3.2, Part D of the Guidance for the Survey and Construction of Steel Ships.				

	Amenaca-Original Requirements Compa	inson rable (Astern Power of Main Propulsion Machine				
	Amended	Original	Remarks			
	EFFECTIVE DATE AN	ND APPLICATION (A)				
1.	The effective date of the amendments is 1 January 20	026.				
2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	construction* is before the effective date.					
	* "contract for construction" is defined in the latest version of IACS Procedural Requirement (PR) No.29.					
	contract for construction is defined in the fatest	version of free Procedural Requirement (FR) (vo.2).				
	IACS PR No.29 (Rev.0, July 2009)				
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1.	The date of "contract for construction" of a vessel is the date on which the contract to build the vessel is signed between the prospective owner and the shipbuilder. This date and the construction numbers (i.e. hull numbers) of all the vessels included in the contract are to be declared to the classification society by the party applying for the assignment of class to a newbuilding.					
2.	The date of "contract for construction" of a series of vessels, including specified	d optional vessels for which the option is ultimately exercised, is the date on which the contract				
	to build the series is signed between the prospective owner and the shipbuilder.	ntract for construction are considered a "series of vessels" if they are built to the same approved				
	plans for classification purposes. However, vessels within a series may have de-					
	(1) such alterations do not affect matters related to classification, or					
		s are to comply with the classification requirements in effect on the date on which the alterations e absence of the alteration contract, comply with the classification requirements in effect on the				
	The optional vessels will be considered part of the same series of vessels if the	option is exercised not later than 1 year after the contract to build the series was signed.				
3.		additional options, the date of "contract for construction" for such vessels is the date on which he shipbuilder. The amendment to the contract is to be considered as a "new contract" to which				
	1. and 2. above apply.					
4.	If a contract for construction is amended to change the ship type, the date of "co or new contract is signed between the Owner, or Owners, and the shipbuilder.	ontract for construction" of this modified vessel, or vessels, is the date on which revised contract				
Note:						
	Procedural Requirement applies from 1 July 2009.					
	EFFECTIVE DATE AN	ND ADDITION (B)				
	LITECTIVE DATE AT	THE LICITION (D)				
1.	The effective date of the amendments is 1 January 20	026.				