Requirements for NDT Suppliers
(June 2019)

1 General

1.1 Scope

Firms providing NDT (Non-Destructive Testing) services on ship and offshore structures/components subject to classification, need to fulfil the requirements set out in this UR. In this document, such firms will be referred to as the Supplier.

1.2 Objective

The objective of this UR is to ensure that the Supplier is using appropriate procedures, has qualified and certified personnel and has implemented written procedures for training, experience, education, examination, certification, performance, application, control, verification and reporting of NDT. In addition, the Supplier shall furnish appropriate equipment and facilities commensurate with providing a professional service.

1.3 Terms and definitions

The following terms and definitions apply for this document.

NDT Non-destructive testing. Comprising, but not limited to the methods and techniques MT, PT, RT, RT-D, VT, UT, PAUT, TOFD, ET and/or ACFM

Supplier Independent NDT company or NDT department/section that forms a part of a company providing NDT services on ship and/or offshore components/structures.

Society The Classification Society

MT Magnetic Particle Testing

PT Penetrant Testing

RT Radiographic Testing

RT-D Digital Radiography (Several techniques within the method RT, e.g. Computed Radiography or Direct Radiography).

UT Ultrasonic Testing

PAUT Phased Array Ultrasonic Testing (Technique within the method UT).

TOFD Time of Flight Diffraction (Technique within the method UT).

Notes:

1. This UR is to be uniformly implemented by IACS Societies on or after 1 July 2020.
Electromagnetic Testing (i.e. Eddy Current Testing and/or Alternating Current Field Measurements [ACFM])

Visual Testing

Section of industry or technology where specialised NDT practices are used, requiring specific product-related knowledge, skill, equipment and/or training.

1.4 References

The following referenced documents are to be used for the application of this document as appropriate. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- ISO 9712:2012; Non-destructive testing - Qualification and certification of NDT personnel
- ISO/IEC 17020:2012; Conformity assessment – Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection
- ISO/IEC 17024:2012; Conformity assessment – General requirements for bodies operating certification of persons

Other national adoptions of the standards listed above are accepted as compliant and hence are accepted for use together with this document.

2 Requirements for Supplier

The Supplier shall document, as required in 2.2 to 2.9, that it has the competence and control needed to perform the specified services.

2.1 Requirements for documents

The following documents shall be available for the Society upon request:

- an outline of Supplier's organisation and management structure, including any subsidiaries
- information on the structure of the Supplier’s Quality Management System
- quality manual and documented procedures covering the requirements given in item 2.2
- for companies with in-house certification of persons scheme; a written practice developed in accordance with a recognised standard or recommended practice (i.e. ASNT’s SNT-TC-1A, 2016, ANSI/ASNT CP-189, 2016 or similar).
- operational work procedures for each NDT method including selection of the NDT technique.
- training- and follow-up programmes for NDT operators including practical training on various ship and offshore products
procedure for supervisor’s authorisation of NDT operators

- experience of the Supplier in the specific service area,

- a list of documented training and experience for NDT operators within the relevant service area, including qualifications and third party certification per ISO 9712:2012 based certification schemes.

- description of equipment(s) used for the services performed by the Supplier

- a guide for NDT operators to use equipment mentioned above

- record formats for recording results of the services referred to in item 2.9

- information on other activities which may present a Conflict of interest

- record of customer claims and corrective actions

- any legal proceedings against the company in the past/currently in the courts of law

### 2.2 Quality management system

The Supplier shall have a documented quality management system, covering at least:

- work procedures for all tasks and operations, including the various NDT methods and NDT techniques for which the Supplier is involved.

- preparation, issuance, maintenance and control of documents

- maintenance and calibration of the equipment

- training programs for the NDT operators and the supervisors

- maintenance of records for NDT operators’ and the supervisors’ training, qualification and certification

- certification of NDT operators including re-validation and recertification

- procedure for test of operators’ visual acuity

- supervision and verification of operation to ensure compliance with the NDT procedures

- quality management of subsidiaries

- job preparation

- order reference system where each engagement is traceable to when, who and where the test was carried out.

- recording and reporting of information, including retention time of records

- code of conduct for the Supplier’s activities; especially the NDT activities

- periodic review of work process procedures
- corrective and preventive action
- feedback and continuous improvement
- internal audits
- the provision of accessibility to required codes, standards and procedures to assist NDT operators.

A documented quality system complying with the most current version of ISO/IEC 17020:2012 and including the above would be considered acceptable. The Supplier should satisfy the requirements of Type A or Type B inspection body, as described in ISO/IEC 17020:2012.

2.3 Qualification and certification of NDT personnel

The Supplier is responsible for the qualification and preferably 3rd party certification of its supervisors and operators to a recognised certification scheme based on ISO 9712:2012.

Personnel qualification to an employer based qualification scheme as e.g. SNT-TC-1A, 2016 or ANSI/ASNT CP-189, 2016 may be accepted if the Supplier's written practice is reviewed and found acceptable by the Society. The Supplier’s written practice shall as a minimum, except for the impartiality requirements of a certification body and/or authorised body, comply with ISO 9712:2012.

The supervisors' and operators' certificates and competence shall comprise all industrial sectors and techniques being applied by the Supplier.

Level 3 personnel shall be certified by an accredited certification body.

2.4 Supervisor

The Supplier shall have a supervisor or supervisors, responsible for the appropriate execution of NDT operations and for the professional standard of the operators and their equipment, including the professional administration of the working procedures. The supplier shall employ, on a full-time basis, at least one supervisor independently certified to Level 3 in the method(s) concerned as per the requirements of item 2.3. It is not permissible to appoint Level 3 personnel; they must be certified by an accredited certification body. It is recognised that a Supplier may not directly employ a Level 3 in all the stated methods practiced. In such cases, it is permissible to employ an external, independently certified, Level 3 in those methods not held by the full-time Level 3(s) of the Supplier.

The supervisor shall be directly involved in review and acceptance of NDT Procedures, NDT reports, calibration of NDT equipment and tools. The supervisor shall on behalf of the Supplier re-evaluate the qualification of the operators annually.

2.5 Operators

The operator carrying out the NDT and interpreting indications, shall as a minimum, be qualified and certified to Level 2 in the NDT method(s) concerned and as described in item 2.3.

However, operators only undertaking the gathering of data using any NDT method and not performing data interpretation or data analysis may be qualified and certified as appropriate, at level 1.
The operator shall have adequate knowledge of materials, weld, structures or components, NDT equipment and limitations that are sufficient to apply the relevant NDT method for each application appropriately.

2.6 Equipment

The Supplier shall maintain records of the NDT equipment used and detail information related to maintenance, calibration and verification activities. If the Supplier hires equipment, such equipment shall have updated calibration records, and the operators shall be familiar with the specific equipment type prior to using it. Under any circumstance, the Supplier shall possess sufficient equipment to carry out the services being a part of the NDT scope required by the Society.

Where the equipment is of unique nature, the NDT operators shall be trained by competent personnel in the operation and use of the equipment before carrying out NDT using this equipment.

2.7 Work instructions and procedures

The Supplier shall produce written procedures for the NDT being applied. These procedures are to be written, verified or approved by the Supplier’s Level 3. Procedures shall define all relevant information relating to the inspection including defect evaluation against acceptance criteria in accordance with the Society Rules. All NDT procedures and instructions shall be properly documented in such a way that the performed testing can be easily retraced and/or repeated at a later stage. All NDT procedures are to be acceptable to the Society.

2.8 Sub-contractors

The Supplier shall give information of agreements and arrangements if any part(s) of the services provided are subcontracted. The Supplier, in the following-up of subcontracts shall give emphasis to the quality management system of the subcontractor.

Subcontractors shall meet the same requirements placed on Suppliers for any NDT performed.

2.9 Reporting

All NDT shall be properly documented in such a way that the performed testing and examination can be easily retraced and/or repeated at a later stage. The reports shall identify the defects present in the tested area, and a conclusive statement as to whether the material, weld, component or structure satisfies the acceptance criteria or not.

The report shall include a reference to the applicable standard, NDT procedure and acceptance criteria applied in the applicable NDT method/technique. In general, the acceptance criteria shall comply with the Society Rules.